What is claimed is:

1. A composition comprising an anti-diabetic agent and a bioavailable source of chromium.

2. A composition comprising an anti-diabetic agent and a bioavailable source of chromium, whereby said composition reduces initial Hb1Ac levels observed in a patient by at least a10% change from the baseline after treatment.

- 3. A composition comprising an anti-diabetic agent and a bioavailable source of chromium, whereby said composition reduces initial Hb1Ac levels observed in a patient by at least a 50% change from the baseline after treatment.
- 4. The composition of claim 1, wherein said bioavailable source of chromium comprises one or more of chromium picolinate or chromium polynicotinate.
- 5. The composition of claim 1, wherein said anti-diabetic agent comprises a type of anti-diabetic agent selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolidinediones, sulfonylureas, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.
 - 6. The composition of claim 1, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is metformin.
- 7. The composition of claim 6, wherein metformin is in the range of about 100 mg up to about 2550 mg per dose.
 - 8. The composition of claim 1, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is a sulfonylurea.
- 9. A composition according to claim 8, wherein said sulfonylurea is acetohexamide, chlorpropamide, tolazimide, tolbutamide, glycazide, glipizide, glyburide, or glimeperide.

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10. A composition according to claim 1, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is a thiazolidinedione.

- 11. A composition according to claim 10, wherein said thiazolidinedione is troglitazone, rosiglitazone, or pioglitazone.
 - 12. A composition according to claim 1, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is an alpha-glucosidase inhibitor.
- 13. A composition according to claim 12, wherein said alpha-glucosidase inhibitor is acarbose or miglitol.
 - 14. A composition according to claim 1, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is a benzoic acid derivative.
 - 15. A composition according to claim 14, wherein said benzoic acid derivative is repaglinide.
- 16. The composition of claim 1, wherein said bioavailable source of chromium comprises more than 300 mcg elemental chromium.
 - 17. The composition of claim 1, further comprising an effective amount of a bioavailable source of vanadium.
- 25 18. The composition of claim 17, wherein said bioavailable source of vanadium is vanadyl sulfate.
 - 19. The composition of claim 1, further comprising an effective amount of a bioavailable source of one or more of the following: chromium, magnesium, and aspirin.
 - 20. A composition comprising an anti-diabetic agent and a bioavailable source of vanadium.

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21. A composition comprising an anti-diabetic agent and a bioavailable source of vanadium, whereby said composition reduces initial Hb1Ac levels observed in a patient by at least a 10% change from the baseline after treatment.

- 5 22. A composition comprising an anti-diabetic agent and a bioavailable source of vanadium, whereby said composition reduces initial Hb1Ac levels observed in a patient by at least a 50% change from the baseline after treatment.
- 23. The composition of claim 20, wherein said anti-diabetic agent comprises a type of anti-diabetic agent selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolidinediones, sulfonylureas, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.
 - 24. The composition of claim 20, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is metformin.
 - 25. The composition of claim 24, wherein metformin is in the range of about 100 mg up to about 2550 mg per dose.
- 26. The composition of claim 20, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is a sulfonylurea.
 - 27. A composition according to claim 26, wherein said sulfonylurea is acetohexamide, chlorpropamide, tolazimide, tolbutamide, glycazide, glipizide, glyburide, or glimeperide.
 - 28. A composition according to claim 20, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is a thiazolidinedione.
- 29. A composition according to claim 28, wherein said thiazolidinedione is troglitazone, rosiglitazone or pioglitazone.
 - 30. A composition according to claim 20, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is an alpha-glucosidase inhibitor.

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- 31. A composition according to claim 30, wherein said alpha-glucosidase inhibitor is acarbose or miglitol.
- 32. A composition according to claim 20, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is a benzoic acid derivative.
 - 33. A composition according to claim 32, wherein said benzoic acid derivative is repaglinide.

34. The composition of claim 20, wherein said bioavailable source of vanadium is vanadyl sulfate.

- 35. The composition of claim 20, wherein said bioavailable source of vanadium comprises more than 10 mg elemental vanadium.
 - 36. The composition of claim 20, further comprising an effective amount of a bioavailable source of chromium, wherein said bioavailable source of chromium is chromium polynicotinate.

37. The composition of claim 20, further comprising an effective amount of a bioavailable source of one or more of the following: chromium, magnesium, and aspirin.

- 38. A method for improving glucose metabolism, comprising administering to a patient an anti-diabetic agent and bioavailable source of chromium.
 - 39. The method of claim 38, wherein said bioavailable source of chromium comprises one or more of chromium picolinate or chromium polynicotinate.
- 40. The method of claim 38, wherein said anti-diabetic agent comprises a type of anti-diabetic agent selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolidinediones, sulfonylureas, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.

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- 41. The method of claim 38, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is metformin.
- 42. The method of claim 38, wherein said bioavailable source of chromium comprises more than 300 mcg elemental chromium.
- 43. The method of claim 38, further comprising administering an effective amount of a bioavailable source of vanadium.
- 44. The method of claim 38, wherein said bioavailable source of vanadium is vanadyl sulfate.
 - 45. The method of claim 38, further comprising an effective amount of a bioavailable source of one or more of the following: vanadium, magnesium, and aspirin.
- 46. A method for improving glucose metabolism, comprising administering to a patient an anti-diabetic agent and bioavailable source of vanadium.
 - 47. The method of claim 46, wherein said bioavailable source of vanadium comprises vanadyl sulfate.
 - 48. The method of claim 46, wherein said anti-diabetic agent comprises a type of anti-diabetic agent selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolidinediones, sulfonylureas, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.
 - 49. The method of claim 46 wherein said anti-diabetic agent is metformin.
 - 50. The method of claim 46, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is a thiazolidinedione.
- The method of claim 50, wherein said thiazolidinedione is troglitazone, rosiglitazone, or pioglitazone.
 - 52. The method of claim 46, further comprising an effective amount of a

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bioavailable source of one or more of the following: vanadium, magnesium, and aspirin.

53. An ingestible formulation for improving glucose metabolism in a subject with abnormal glucose metabolism, comprising:

- (a) a bioavailable source of chromium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of chromium for improving glucose metabolism; and
 - (b) an anti-diabetic agent.
- 54. The ingestible formulation of claim 53, wherein said amount of said bioavailable source of chromium is no less than 200 mcg of elemental chromium.
 - 55. The ingestible formulation of claim 53, further comprising an effective amount of one or more of the following: aspirin, Vitamin E, and magnesium.
 - 56. The ingestible formulation of claim 53, wherein said anti-diabetic agent comprises a type of anti-diabetic agent selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolidinediones, sulfonylureas, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.
- The ingestible formulation of claim 53, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is metformin.
 - 58. An ingestible formulation for improving glucose metabolism in a subject with abnormal glucose metabolism, comprising:
 - (a) a bioavailable source of vanadium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of vanadium for improving glucose metabolism; and
 - (b) an anti-diabetic agent.
- 59. The ingestible formulation of claim 58, wherein said amount of said bioavailable source of vanadium is no less than 5 mg of elemental vanadium.
 - 60. The ingestible formulation of claim 58, further comprising an effective amount of one or more of the following: aspirin, Vitamin E, and magnesium.

61. The ingestible formulation of claim 58, wherein said anti-diabetic agent comprises a type of anti-diabetic agent selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolidinediones, sulfonylureas, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.

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62. The ingestible formulation of claim 58, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is metformin.

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63. The use of an ingestible formulation which improves glucose metabolism in a subject for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of glucose metabolism disorders, wherein said ingestible formulation comprises a bioavailable source of chromium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of chromium for improving glucose metabolism, and an anti-diabetic agent.

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64. The use of an ingestible formulation which improves glucose metabolism in a subject for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of glucose metabolism disorders, wherein said ingestible formulation comprises a bioavailable source of vanadium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of vanadium for improving glucose metabolism, and an anti-diabetic agent.

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65. The use of claim 63 or 64, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolininediones, sulfonylurease, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.

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66. The use of an ingestible formulation which improves glucose metabolism in a subject for the development of a regimen for the treatment of glucose metabolism disorders, wherein said ingestible formulation comprises a bioavailable source of chromium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of chromium for improving glucose metabolism, and an anti-diabetic agent.

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67. The use of an ingestible formulation which improves glucose metabolism in a subject for the development of a regimen for the treatment of glucose metabolism disorders, wherein said ingestible formulation comprises a bioavailable source

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of vanadium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of vanadium for improving glucose metabolism, and an anti-diabetic agent.

- 68. The use of claim 66 or 67, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolininediones, sulfonylurease, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.
- 69. A pill for improving glucose metabolism in a subject with abnormal glucose metabolism, comprising:
- (a) a bioavailable source of chromium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of chromium for improving glucose metabolism; and
 - (b) an anti-diabetic agent.
- 70. The pill of claim 69, wherein said amount of said bioavailable source of chromium is no less than 5 mg of elemental chromium.
 - 71. The pill of claim 69, further comprising an effective amount of one or more of the following: aspirin, Vitamin E, and magnesium.
- 72. The pill of claim 69, wherein said anti-diabetic agent comprises a type of anti-diabetic agent selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolidinediones, sulfonylureas, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.
 - 73. The pill of claim 69, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is metformin.
 - 74. A pill for improving glucose metabolism in a subject with abnormal glucose metabolism, comprising:
 - (a) a bioavailable source of vanadium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of vanadium for improving glucose metabolism; and
 - (b) an anti-diabetic agent.
 - 75. The pill of claim 74, wherein said amount of said bioavailable source of vanadium is no less than 5 mg of elemental vanadium.

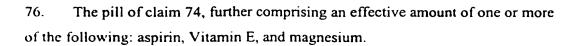
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- 77. The pill of claim 74, wherein said anti-diabetic agent comprises a type of anti-diabetic agent selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolidinediones, sulfonylureas, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.
 - 78. The pill of claim 74, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is metformin.
- 79. The use of a pill which improves glucose metabolism in a subject for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of glucose metabolism disorders, wherein said ingestible formulation comprises a bioavailable source of chromium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of chromium for improving glucose metabolism, and an anti-diabetic agent.
 - 80. The use of a pill which improves glucose metabolism in a subject for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of glucose metabolism disorders, wherein said ingestible formulation comprises a bioavailable source of vanadium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of vanadium for improving glucose metabolism, and an anti-diabetic agent.
 - 81. The use of claim 79 or 80, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolininediones, sulfonylurease, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.
 - 82. The use of a pill which improves glucose metabolism in a subject for the development of a regimen for the treatment of glucose metabolism disorders, wherein said ingestible formulation comprises a bioavailable source of chromium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of chromium for improving glucose metabolism, and an anti-diabetic agent.
 - 83. The use of a pill which improves glucose metabolism in a subject for the development of a regimen for the treatment of glucose metabolism disorders, wherein said

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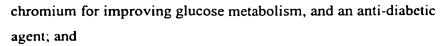
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ingestible formulation comprises a bioavailable source of vanadium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of vanadium for improving glucose metabolism, and an anti-diabetic agent.

- 84. The use of claim 82 or 83, wherein said anti-diabetic agent is selected from the group consisting of insulin, thiazolininediones, sulfonylurease, benzoic acid derivatives, and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors.
 - 85. A kit for improving glucose metabolism in a subject comprising:
 - (a) an ingestible formulation for improving glucose metabolism in a subject comprising a bioavailable source of chromium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of chromium for improving glucose metabolism, and an anti-diabetic agent; and
 - (b) instructions for the administration of said ingestible formulation.
- 86. The kit of claim 85, wherein said instructions provide for the simultaneous administration of chromium and anti-diabetic agent, and provide the daily dosage regiment and duration of treatment.
 - 87. A kit for improving glucose metabolism in a subject comprising:
 - (c) an ingestible formulation for improving glucose metabolism in a subject comprising a bioavailable source of vanadium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of vanadium for improving glucose metabolism, and an anti-diabetic agent; and
 - (d) instructions for the administration of said ingestible formulation.
- 88. The kit of claim 87, wherein said instructions provide for the simultaneous administration of vanadium and anti-diabetic agent, and provide the daily dosage regiment and duration of treatment.
 - 89. A kit for improving glucose metabolism in a subject comprising:
 - (a) a pill comprising an effective amount of a bioavailable source of chromium a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of

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- (b) instructions for the administration of said pill.
- 5 90. The kit of claim 89, wherein said instructions provide the daily dosage regimen and the duration of treatment.
 - 91. A kit for improving glucose metabolism in a subject comprising:
 - (a) a pill comprising an effective amount of a bioavailable source of vanadium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of vanadium for improving glucose metabolism, and an anti-diabetic agent; and
 - (b) instructions for the administration of said pill.
- 92. The kit of claim 91, wherein said instructions provide the daily dosage regimen and the duration of treatment.
 - 93. A kit for improving glucose metabolism in a subject comprising:
 - (a) a bioavailable source of chromium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of chromium for improving glucose metabolism; and
 - (b) instructions for the administration of said bioavailable source of chromium.
- 94. The kit of claim 93, wherein said instructions provide for the daily dosage regimen and duration of treatment.
 - 95. A kit for improving glucose metabolism in a subject comprising:
 - (a) a bioavailable source of vanadium in a complex and amount that delivers an effective amount of vanadium for improving glucose metabolism; and
 - (b) instructions for the administration of said bioavailable source of vanadium.



96. The kit of claim 95, wherein said instructions provide for the daily dosage regimen and duration of treatment.